



Core internals for Website Development

Keep it simple-ish

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Umbraco is great...

And yet **Completely Broken**™

Fixing & Refactoring

I Am The One To Blame For Those Fancy Interface Names



Simple things should be simple

Refactor for simplicity & predictability

Complex things should be possible

Refactor for extensibility & modularity

Constant work-in-progress

New ways to build websites

Community feedback loop

Tea Spoon World



In Depth

Size matters - what makes a teaspoon

[Read more](#)

Latest News



June 1, 2014

Queen to discuss teaspoon etiquette with parliament

[Read more](#)



In Depth

Illegal teaspoon usages

[Read more](#)



May 28, 2014

US to defend right to keep and bear teaspoons

[Read more](#)



In Depth

If you can read this you are a

May 12, 2014



Multiple websites, multiple languages

Sites [demo1.com](#) and [demo2.com](#)

Both websites should exist both in English and French

Both will publish news items (title, body, image, map location)

Multiple environments

To get things validated by upper management,

Customer wants [www.demo1.com](#) and [staging.demo1.com](#)

Special URLs

[/news/2014-06-11-helicopters-to-deliver-teaspoons](#)









Setup sites, domains and languages



CONTENT

- Demo 1
 - English
 - News
 - Teaspoon something
 - French
- Demo 2
 - English
 - French

	Rollback
	Audit Trail
	Publish
	Culture and Hostnames
	Permissions
	Public access



CONTENT

- Demo 1
 - English
 - News
 - Teaspoon something

- French
- Demo 2
 - English
 - French

CULTURE

Language

Inherit



DOMAINS

Domain

Language

www.example.com

en-US





CONTENT

- Demo 1 Domains: www.demo1.com, staging.demo1.com
 - English Culture: en-US
 - News
 - Teaspoon something
 - French Culture: fr-FR
- Demo 2 Domains: www.demo2.com, staging.demo2.com
 - English Culture: en-US
 - French Culture: fr-FR



<http://www.demo1.com/> → ??

Umbraco *wants* to render node "Demo1"

We *want* to redirect

to "Demo1 / English"

to "Demo1 / French"

PublishedContentRequest.*Prepared*



```
PublishedContentRequest.Prepared += (sender, args) =>
{
    var request = sender as PublishedContentRequest;

    if (request == null || !request.HasPublishedContent) return;
    if (request.PublishedContent.ContentType.Alias != "Site") return;

    var roots = request.PublishedContent.Children.OfTypes("HomePage");
    if (!roots.Any()) return;

    var httpRequest = request.RoutingContext.UmbracoContext.HttpContext.Request;

    var lang = FigureOutLanguageFromRequest(httpRequest);

    var root = PickTheMostAppropriateRoot(roots, lang);

    request.SetRedirect(root.Url);
}
```



Urls, Relative vs. Absolute

Navigate demo1, request the url of a Demo1 page → relative

Navigate demo1, request the url of a Demo2 page → absolute

Also in the backend eg. admin.demos.com !



Urls, Picking the right domain

www.demo1 ↔ www.demo2
staging.demo1 ↔ staging.demo2

```
SiteDomainHelper.AddSite("www", "www.demo1.com", "www.demo2.com");  
SiteDomainHelper.AddSite("staging", "staging.demo1.com", "staging.demo2.com");
```



404 Page Not Found

Just render a page named 404



CONTENT

- Demo 1
 - English
 - News
 - Articles
 - 404
 - French
- Demo 2
 - English
 - French



RIP NotFoundHandler

`IContentFinder.TryFindContent(PublishedContentRequest request)`

The “last chance” content finder



```
public class Find404 : IContentFinder
{
    public bool TryFindContent(PublishedContentRequest contentRequest)
    {
        if (!contentRequest.HasDomain) return false;

        var contentCache = contentRequest.RoutingContext.UmbracoContext.ContentCache;
        var domainRoot = contentCache.GetById(contentRequest.Domain.RootNodeId);

        var firstSegment = contentRequest.Uri.AbsolutePath.Split(new [] {'/'},
            StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries).First();
        var root = domainRoot.Children.FirstOrDefault(x => x.UrlName == firstSegment);

        root = root ?? domainRoot.Children.First();

        var page = root.Descendants().FirstOrDefault(x => x.Name == "404");
        if (page == null) return false;

        contentRequest.PublishedContent = page;
        var wcd = Domain.GetDomainsById(root.Id, true).SingleOrDefault(x => x.IsWildcard);
        if (wcd != null)
            contentRequest.Culture = new CultureInfo(wcd.Language.CultureAlias);
        return true;
    }
}
```



```
public class ConfigureMy404Finder : ApplicationEventHandler
{
    public override void ApplicationStarting(
        UmbracoApplicationBase umbracoApplication,
        ApplicationContext applicationContext)
    {
        ContentLastChanceFinderResolver.Current.SetFinder(new Find404());
    }
}
```



Nice & clean urls

“Spécial glöbst & cüsmîdt @ Fränzenøx !”

→ spécial-glöbst-cüsmîdt-@-fränzenøx

→ spécial-glöbst-cüsmîdt-fränzenøx

→ special-globst-cusmidt-franzenox

How many Unicode characters are there?



```
<settings>
  <requestHandler>
    <urlReplacing removeDoubleDashes="true">
      <char org="!"></char>
      <char org="#"></char>
      ...
    </urlReplacing>
  </requestHandler>
</settings>
```

```
<settings>
  <requestHandler>
    <urlReplacing toAscii="true" />
  </requestHandler>
</settings>
```



Simple things

Are becoming simpler
Built-in ASCII filter
Built-in 240 chars limit...

Complex things

Can be complex: `IShortStringHelper`
Processes every "short" string
Creates aliases, url segments...

String extension methods: `ToUrlSegment()`, `ToCleanString()`...

Replace it, extend it, whatever



Custom news item urls

Requirement: "2014-06-11-helicopters-to-deliver-teaspoons"
Content name: "Helicopters to deliver teaspoons"
Default url segment: "helicopters-to-deliver-teaspoons"

IUrlSegmentProvider

Provides the url segment at **publish time**

Native support (no need for rewriting, content finder, anything)



```
public class UrlSegmentProvider : IUrlSegmentProvider
{
    public string GetUrlSegment(IContentBase content)
    {
        var services = ApplicationContext.Current.Services;
        var contentType = services.GetContentType(content.ContentTypeId);
        if (contentType.Alias != "NewsItem") return null;

        var date = content.GetValue<DateTime>("date").ToString("yyyy-MM-");
        return date + content.Name.ToUrlSegment();
    }
}
```



Beyond the url segment

When you want to create a completely different url

IUrlProvider

Provides the complete content url when required

Needs an inbound strategy (rewriting, content finder, something)

/products/a/aluminum → /products/aluminum



Render content

The NewsItems page



Open the template

```
@inherits Umbraco.Web.Mvc.UmbracoTemplatePage
@{
    Layout = null;
}
```

UmbracoTemplatePage
UmbracoTemplatePage<TContent>
UmbracoViewPage
UmbracoViewPage<TModel>
RenderModel

?!



UmbracoViewPage<TModel>

ApplicationContext, UmbracoContext, UmbracoHelper
Maps IRenderModel to/from IPublishedContent

UmbracoViewPage

: UmbracoViewPage<IPublishedContent>
Model is IPublishedContent

UmbracoTemplatePage

: UmbracoViewPage<RenderModel>
Model is RenderModel
Model.Content is IPublishedContent
dynamic **CurrentPage**



So?!

Dynamic

@CurrentPage.MyProperty
→ UmbracoTemplatePage

Otherwise

@Model.GetPropertyValue("myProperty")
@Model.Content.GetPropertyValue<string>("myProperty")
→ UmbracoViewPage

Strongly typed

@Model.MyProperty
→ UmbracoViewPage<MyContentType>
MyContentType : IPublishedContent

Complex model

→ UmbracoViewPage<MyModel>
MyModel : IPublishedContent or IRenderModel for Umbraco.Field()



So?!

Dynamic

Gives easy access to properties eg `CurrentPage.MyProperty`

Gives easy (?) navigation eg. `CurrentPage.Products`

But...

Not a bad choice today

Hope to make it redundant at some point



News item page template, first try

```
@inherits Umbraco.Web.Mvc.UmbracoViewPage

<div>@Model.GetProperty("title")</div>

@foreach (var newsItem in Model.Children()
        .Where(x => x.DocumentTypeAlias == "newsItem")
        .OrderByDescending(x => x.GetProperty<DateTime>("date"))
        .Take(8))
{
    <div class="date">@Model.GetProperty<DateTime>("date").ToString("D")</div>
    <div class="title">@Model.GetProperty<string>("title")</div>

    @* HERE I WANT TO SHOW THE IMAGE *@

    @* HERE I WANT TO SHOW A MAP LOCATION *@
}
```



Alternate styling, Index and ToContentSet

```
@inherits Umbraco.Web.Mvc.UmbracoViewPage

@foreach (var newsItem in ...Where(x => x.GetProperty<string>("topic") == "food"))
{
    <div class="@newsItem.IsOdd() ? "news-odd" : "news-even">

        @* DETAILS *@

    </div>
}
```



Alternate styling, Index and ToContentSet

```
@inherits Umbraco.Web.Mvc.UmbracoViewPage

@foreach (var newsItem in ...Where(x => x.GetProperty<string>("topic") == "food")
        .ToContentSet())
{
    <div class="@newsItem.IsOdd() ? "news-odd" : "news-even">

        @* DETAILS *@

    </div>
}
```




Quick win

```
@inherits Umbraco.Web.Mvc.UmbracoViewPage

<div>@Model.GetProperty("title")</div>

@foreach (var newsItem in Model.Children()
    .OfTypes("newsItem")
    .OrderByDescending(x => x.GetProperty("date"))
    .Take(8))
{
    <div class="date">@Model.GetProperty("date").ToString("D")</div>
    <div class="title">@Model.GetProperty("title")</div>

    @* HERE I WANT TO SHOW THE IMAGE *@

    @* HERE I WANT TO SHOW A MAP LOCATION *@
}
```



Show the image...

```
@{
    var imageId = Model.GetProperty<int>("image");
    var image = Umbraco.TypedMedia(imageId);
    if (!image.HasValue("umbracoFile")) image = null;
}
@if (image != null)
{
    var alt = image.GetProperty<string>("legend");
    alt = string.IsNullOrEmpty(alt) ? Image.Name : alt;
    <div class="image"></div>
}
}
```



Show the map location...

```
@{
    var location = Model.GetPropertyValue<string>("location");
    float latitude = 0, longitude = 0;
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(location) == false)
    {
        var parts = location.Split(new[] {','});
        latitude = float.Parse(parts[0]);
        longitude = float.Parse(parts[1]);
    }
}
@if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(location) == false)
{
    <div class="location">
        
    </div>
}
```



Happy?



IPropertyValueConverter

Could have been IPublishedContentPropertyFromDbValueConversionProvider

Ensures that GetPropertyValue returns a meaningful value

Some are builtin

Write your own



Convert location properties...

```
public class LocationConverter : PropertyValueConverterBase
{
    public override bool IsConverter(PublishedPropertyType propertyType)
    {
        return "Demo.Location".Equals(propertyType.PropertyEditorAlias);
    }

    public override object ConvertDataToSource(PublishedPropertyType propertyType,
                                                object source, bool preview)
    {
        var stringSource = source as string;
        if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(stringSource)) return null;

        var coords = stringSource.Split(new[] {','});
        return new Location(float.Parse(coords[0]), float.Parse(coords[1]));
    }
}
```



Getting better...

```
@{
    var image = Model.GetProperty<IPublishedContent>("image");
    // umbracoFile test done by the converter
}
@if (image != null)
{
    var alt = image.GetProperty<string>("legend");
    alt = string.IsNullOrEmpty(alt) ? Image.Name : alt;
    <div class="image">
        
    </div>
}

@{
    var location = Model.GetProperty<Location>("location");
}
@if (location != null)
{
    <div class="location">
        
    </div>
}
```



Introducing **IPublishedContentModelFactory**

Umbraco 7.1.4

Every IPublishedContent returned by the cache goes through the factory
IPublishedContent CreateModel(IPublishedContent content)

No factory enabled by default

Ships with builtin PublishedContentModelFactory



```
public class NewsItem : PublishedContentModel
{
    public NewsItem(IPublishedContent content)
        : base(content)
    { }

    public DateTime Date
    {
        get { return this.GetProperty<DateTime>("date"); }
    }
}
```



Introducing **Zbu.ModelsBuilder**

Independent tool

github.com/zpqrtbnk

Generates strongly typed models based upon what's in the database

As partial classes

That can be extended

Tweak generation via attributes



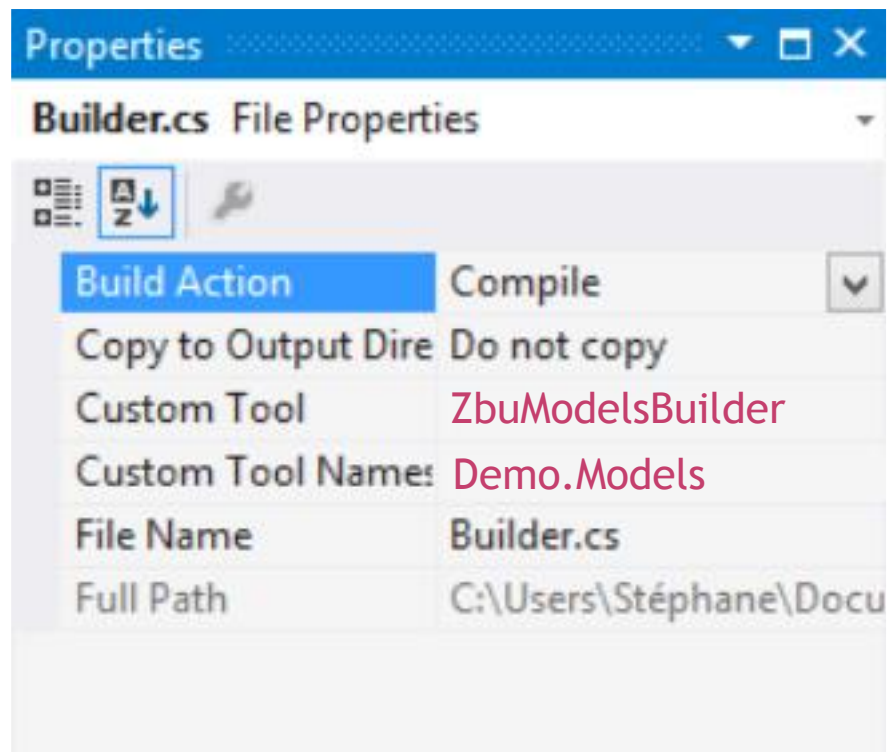
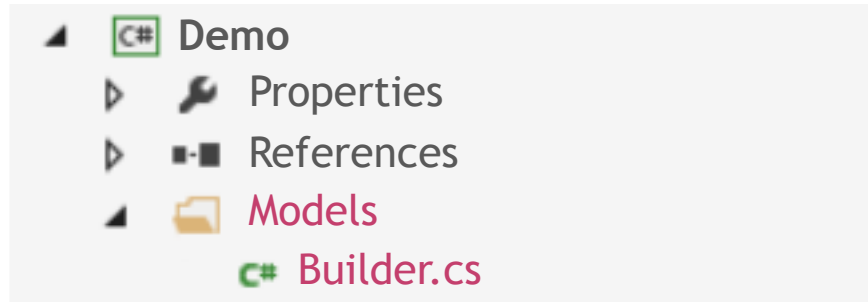
Server-side component

Install Umbraco Package or NuGet Package










Visual Studio Extension

Install in Visual Studio

Configure to point to website





- ▲  Demo
 - ▷  Properties
 - ▷  References
 - ▲  Models
 - ▲  Builder.cs
 - ▷  NewsItemsPage.generated.cs
 - ▷  NewsItem.generated.cs
 - ▷  Image.generated.cs
 - ▷  Whatever.generated.cs










- ▲  Demo
 - ▶  Properties
 - ▶  References
 - ▲  Models
 - ▶  Builder.cs
 - ▶  Image.cs
 - ▶  Newsletter.cs



Image should have an Alt property

```
public partial class Image
{
    public string Alt
    {
        get
        {
            var alt = this.Legend;
            return string.IsNullOrEmpty(alt) ? this.Name : alt;
        }
    }
}
```



NewsItem image should return as an image...

```
public partial class NewsItem
{
    [ImplementPropertyType("image")]
    public Image Image
    {
        get
        {
            var img = this.GetProperty<IPublishedContent>("image") as Image;
            if (img == null || string.IsNullOrEmpty(img.UmbracoFile)) return null;
            return img;
        }
    }
}
```




News item page template

```
@inherits Umbraco.Web.Mvc.UmbracoViewPage<NewsItemsPage>

<div>@Model.Title</div>

@foreach (var newsItem in Model.Children<NewsItem>()
        .OrderByDescending(x => x.Date).Take(8))
{
    <div class="date">@Model.Date.ToString("D")</div>
    <div class="title">@Model.Title</div>

    @if (Model.Image != null)
    {
        <div class="image">
            
        </div>
    }

    @if (Model.Location != null)
    {
        <div class="location">
            
        </div>
    }
}
```



Content models vs. View models

Strongly typed everywhere



Happy?



Simplify content access...

```
@foreach (var newsItem in Model.Children<NewsItem>()  
        .OrderByDescending(x => x.Date)  
        .Take(8))
```

```
{
```

```
    ...
```

```
@foreach (var newsItem in Umbraco.Queries.LatestNews(0, 8))
```

```
{
```

```
    ...
```



Queries are still work-in-progress
Experimented during the retreat

What about XPath?



Finally...

```
@inherits Umbraco.Web.Mvc.UmbracoViewPage<NewsItemsPage>

<div>@Model.Title</div>

@foreach (var newsItem in Umbraco.Queries.LatestNews(0, 6))
{
    <div class="date">@Model.Date.ToString("D")</div>
    <div class="title">@Model.Title</div>

    @if (Model.Image != null)
    {
        <div class="image">
            
        </div>
    }

    @if (Model.Location != null)
    {
        <div class="location">
            
        </div>
    }
}
```



Almost happy...

```
<div>@Model.Title</div>
```

```
<div>@CurrentPage.Title</div>
```

```
@if (CurrentPage.Image != null)  
{
```

```
@if (CurrentPage.HasImage)  
{
```



Happy!



Feedback & questions!

Many thanks!

2014/06/11

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